

zoology general knowledge questions answers

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The largest living animals belong to the group of

- A. fishes
- B. birds
- C. reptiles
- D. Mammals (Answer)

Birds excrete nitrogenous waste in the form of

- A. uric acid (Answer)
- B. urea
- C. fatty acids
- D. ammonia

Dialysis is given to a man having problems in

- A. phosphorous
- B. magnesium
- C. calcim
- D. Iron (Answer)

Gene mutation takes place in

- A. ribosomer
- B. chloroplast
- C. dioxyribose nuclei acid (Answer)
- D. mitochondrion

Night blindness is caused due to deficiency of

- A. Vitamin E
- B. Vitamin A (Answer)
- C. Vitamin B
- D. Vitamin K

Which animals helps in the dispersal of seeds?

- A. Cat
- B. Snake
- C. Bat (Answer)
- D. Pigeon

----- are made up of
oxygen, carbon and hydrogen.

- A. Fats
- B. Carbohydrates
- C. Vitamins (Answer)
- D. Mineral salts

There are twelve pairs of -----
nerves in the human body.

- A. Spinal
- B. Motor
- C. Cranial (Answer)
- D. Optical

The animal used by Edward Jenner to prepare vaccine

- A. Pig
- B. Goat
- C. Rabbit
- D. Calves (Answer)

Snake venom is used as

- A. Fertilizer
- B. Medicine (Answer)
- C. Poison
- D. Hormone

The rearing of silkworm is known
as

- A. Apiculture
- B. Pisciculture
- C. Sericulture (Answer)
- D. Horticulture

Which vitamin is destroyed by cooking?

- A. Vitamin A
- B. Vitamin C (Answer)
- C. Vitamin E
- D. Vitamin D

Adenoid is the disease in which

- A. Spleen enlarges
- B. Tonsil enlarges
- C. Nasal Tonsil enlarges
- D. Thyroid enlarges (Answer)

The vitamin responsible for antisterile activities is

- A. Vitamin E (Answer)
- B. Vitamin K
- C. Vitamin B12
- D. Vitamin A

Terrestrial insects produce

- A. Urea
- B. Ammonia
- C. Uric acid (Answer)
- D. Hippuric acid

Loss of blood is called

- A. anaemia
- B. thrombosis
- C. Haemorrhage (Answer)
- D. haemophilia

The upper heart chambers are called

- A. Artery
- B. Apoia
- C. Ventricles
- D. Atria (Answer)

Which of the following is a protein deficiency disease?

- A. Rickets
- B. Goitre
- C. Kwashiorkor (Answer)
- D. Pellagra

Vitamin E deficiency causes

- A. Night Blindness
- B. Anaemia
- C. Sterility (Answer)
- D. Scurvy

----- are the fundamental units of kidney.

- A. Neurons
- B. Nerve cells
- C. Nephrons (Answer)
- D. Nephridia

Which of the following human fossils was found in India?

- A. *Homo habilis*
- B. *Homo bengalensis*
- C. *Ramapithecus* (Answer)
- D. *Australopithecus*

Radioactive isotopes cause

- A. Blindness
- B. Leukaemia (Answer)
- C. No health hazards
- D. Bronchitis

The master gland in the endocrine orchestra is

- A. Pancreas
- B. Thyroid
- C. Thymus
- D. Pituitary (Answer)

AIDS is caused by

- A. Protozoa
- B. Bacteria
- C. Virus (Answer)
- D. Helminth

Terrestrial insects produce

- A. Ammonia
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Central nervous system consists of the

- A. Brain and Heart
- B. Brain and the Spinal cord (Answer)
- C. Spinal cord and Lungs
- D. Brain and Lungs

Tiger is a

- A. Parasite
- B. Predator (Answer)
- C. Decomposer
- D. Herbivore

Who experimented with the
dissected leg of a frog?

- A. Volta
- B. Jenner
- C. Salk
- D. Galvani (Answer)

Bones become soft due to

- A. Marasmus
- B. Scurvy
- C. Rickets (Answer)
- D. Kwashiorkor

An example for inorganic waste
is

- A. Ashes
- B. Plastics
- C. Broken glass
- D. All the above (Answer)

Bees are particularly sensitive due to

- A. Green colour
- B. Red colour
- C. Ultraviolet light (Answer)
- D. No colour

Energy for life activities is found in
large amount in

- A. Calcium phosphate
- B. Potassium phosphate
- C. Adenosine monophosphate
- D. Adenosine triphosphate (Answer)

The environmental pollution is
mainly due to

- A. Animals and plants
- B. Human activities (Answer)
- C. Micro Organisms
- D. Intensive cultivation

Which is essential to regulate body temperature?

- A. Water (Answer)
- B. Fats
- C. Carbohydrates
- D. Mineral Salts

----- regulate the functions of the body.

- A. Vitamins
- B. Water
- C. Proteins
- D. Both (A) and (B) (Answer)

The inner concave part of the kidney is called

- A. Medulla
- B. Hilus (Answer)
- C. Cortex
- D. Pelvis

----- are the blood vessels which carry blood towards the heart.

- A. Arteries
- B. Veins (Answer)
- C. Capillaries
- D. None of the above

Plague is spread by

- A. Dogs
- B. Pigs
- C. Rats (Answer)
- D. Mosquitoes

Flow of energy in an ecosystem is

- A. Unidirectional (Answer)
- B. Tridirectional
- C. Multidirectional
- D. Bidirectional

Pulmonary vein alone carries

- A. Impulse
- B. Pure blood (Answer)
- C. Impure blood
- D. Lymph

Dengue fever is spread by

- A. Dogs
- B. Culex mosquito (Answer)
- C. Rats
- D. Anopheles mosquito

The fungal derivative used in the treatment of tuberculosis is

- A. Aspirin
- B. Anacin
- C. Streptomycin (Answer)
- D. Tetracycline

Number of bones in human body is

- A. 206 (Answer)
- B. 215
- C. 220
- D. 225

To which group Dolphins belong?

- A. Fishes
- B. Mammals (Answer)
- C. Turtles
- D. Amphibians

Carbon-di-oxide is sent out
through the

- A. Skin
- B. Lungs (Answer)
- C. Kidney
- D. Anus

The outer region of the brain is called

- A. Piamater (Answer)
- B. Duramater
- C. Pericardium
- D. Arachnoid membrane

Poliomyelitis normally affects
the

- A. Legs
- B. Eyes
- C. Spinal cord (Answer)
- D. Brain

Protein is converted into -----
during digestion

- A. Fatty acids
- B. Amino acids (Answer)
- C. Nucleic acids
- D. Monosaccharides

The total number of ATP molecules produced per molecule of glucose is

- A. 32
- B. 34
- C. 36
- D. 38 (Answer)